

COVID-19 Guidance

Tier 2: High alert

What you can and cannot do in Tier 2 from Wednesday, 2 December 2020



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Introduction



From Wednesday, 2 December the Government has put the different areas of England into 1 of 3 **tiers**.



A **tier** is a level. There are different rules for each tier.



These are the rules that will help to keep everyone safe in tier **2**.



You can find out which tier you are in by going to: www.gov.uk/tiers-by-area

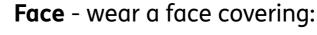
Remember

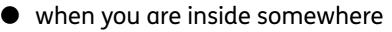


To keep safe you need to remember -Hands. Face. Space.



Hands - wash your hands regularly and for 20 seconds.



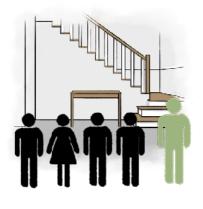


 outside when you are near people you don't usually meet.



Space - stay 2 metres apart from people you do not live with.

Meeting family and friends



Indoors

You can only meet up indoors with people who are:

- in your **household**
- in your **support bubble**.



A **household** means people who live together in the same house.



A **support bubble** is where a single person joins with people from another household.



Indoor places include:

• inside your home

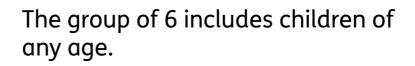


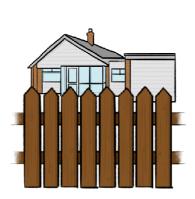
inside a place like a pub or restaurant.



Outdoors

You can meet with friends and family you do not live with in a group of up to 6, outdoors.

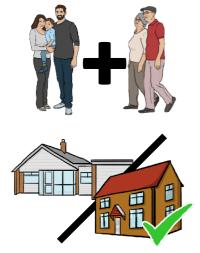




Outdoors means in a private garden or other outdoor space.

Support and childcare bubbles

children.



Wednesday

Decemb

You can look after children in either of the 2 houses.

households join together to look after

A childcare bubble is where 2

New rule from 2 December

There is a new rule about support bubbles from Wednesday, 2 December.

You can form a support bubble with another household if you live on your own with:



- someone with a disability who needs a lot of care
- a child under age 1
- a disabled child under 5 years old.

Meeting in larger groups



You should only meet in a group of more than 6 people if it is:

- with people who are part of your household or support bubble
- to do voluntary work for an organisation that is helping people
- to teach or look after children
- for an organised group that meets up to support each other
- so that children who are being looked after by the local council can meet their parents
- so that children can see a parent that doesn't live with them



so that a child can meet a family that might start to look after them



• to help someone to give birth



• to help in an emergency



• to see someone at the end of their life



to do something the law says you have to do





• to move house.

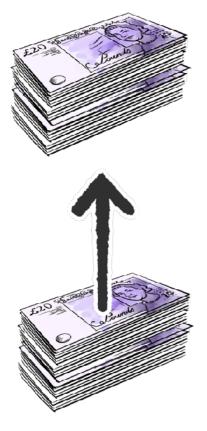
If you break the rules



The police can take action against you if you meet in larger groups.



You may be fined up to £200 if you don't follow the law.



If you keep breaking the law, the fines get bigger and could go up to £6,400.

If you help to organise a gathering of more than 30 people, the police can make you pay a fine of £10,000.

Keeping you and your friends and family safe



When you are meeting friends and family you should:

keep your distance from people



 open doors and windows to let in fresh air



• only see a few people



• meet people outdoors if you can.

People who are clinically vulnerable



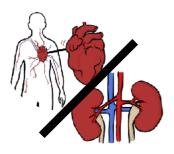
Clinically vulnerable means you are likely to be seriously ill if you catch COVID-19.



You are clinically vulnerable if:

you are over age 70







- you are under age 70 and have:
 - an illness that affects your breathing
 - heart, kidney or liver disease
 - an illness of your nerves, like Parkinson's disease



• diabetes



• a problem with your spleen



• a condition that means your body finds it harder to fight off diseases.



• you are very overweight



• you are pregnant.



If you are clinically vulnerable you:

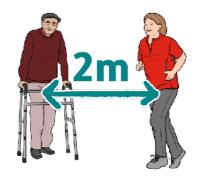
 can go outside as much as you like, but should not meet up with too many people



• can go to school



 should get all the medical help and social care you need



can go to shops and pubs. You should keep 2 metres away from people and go at quiet times of the day



 should carry on washing your hands often.

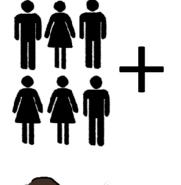
Visiting shops, restaurants, pubs, places of worship and other venues



A **venue** is a place indoors where people meet up for something.

You can go to shops, restaurants, pubs, **places of worship** and other venues.

A **place of worship** is a church, temple, synagogue or mosque.



But you must not mix in groups of more than 6 unless you all live together.



At least 1 person in your group should give their name and phone number to the venue so you can be told if someone there has caught COVID-19.

Businesses and venues



Businesses and venues should follow the rules for keeping everyone safe.



Most businesses in tier 2 can be open as normal except:

nightclubs must stay closed



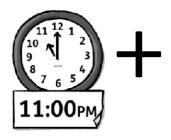
- cafes, restaurants and bars must:
 - only serve people who are sitting at a table
 - stop taking orders at 10pm
 - close by 11pm.



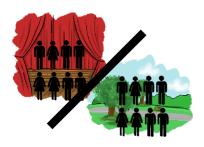
• venues must close at 11pm



cinemas, theatres, sports stadiums and concert halls:



• can stay open after 11pm if the show started before 10pm



 can only have up to 1,000 people inside or 4,000 people outside.

safe at work.

You can only have meetings at work if it is necessary.

You must follow the rules for keeping

If you can't work from home you can go to your usual place of work.

You should work from home if you

You cannot meet up with people you work with to have a meal.







Going to work

can.

Going to school, college and university



All school children should carry on going to school or college unless they are told to stay at home.



Adults in schools should wear face coverings in corridors and shared areas.

Students

Students can meet up with more than 6 people if it is part of their college or university work.



When they are away at university, students are in a household with the people they are living with.



Students can go back to their family home after 2 December.

Their family home becomes their household.

Childcare



You can get someone to look after your children who is:

 part of a proper childcare organisation



• a nanny or a person who has been trained to look after children



• part of a proper activity or group for children



• in your childcare bubble



• in your support bubble.

Visiting relatives in care homes



You can visit care homes that have proper screens or windows to keep people safe.



By Christmas we will be offering care home visitors a test for COVID-19.



If the test says that you do not have the illness, you will be able to get closer to your relative.

Travel



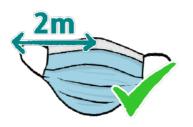
You should walk or cycle if you can.



If you can't, you should use buses, trains or trams or go by car.



You should avoid the busiest routes and the busiest times.



You should wear a face covering and keep 2 metres apart from people if you can.



Travelling out of tier 2

If you travel out of tier 2 into a tier 1 area, you should follow the rules for tier 2.

Try not to travel to a place that is in tier 3.

Weddings, civil partnerships, religious services and funerals



You can have:

 15 people at a wedding or civil partnership ceremony

• 30 people at a funeral







15 people together after a funeral.

You can have a sit down meal after a wedding.

You should keep 2 metres away from people.

This should not be in someone's home.



Places of worship

You can go to a place of worship, but you must not mix in a group of more than 6 people.

Sport and physical activity



You can take part in sport or exercise outdoors with any number of people.



Disabled people and children can take part in sport or exercise indoors with any number of people.



Other people can only take part in sport or exercise indoors in a group of up to 6 people.

Moving house



You can still move house.

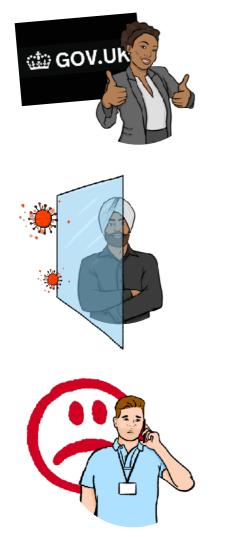


You can go and look at places you might want to move to.



Estate agents and removal firms can carry on working.

Help with money



The Government may be able to help you with money:

- For help with money if you have a job, but cannot work go to: www.gov.uk/what-to-do-if-youreemployed-and-cannot-work
- For help if you have lost your job: www.gov.uk/what-to-do-if-youwere-employed-and-have-lostyour-job



 For help if you work for yourself and are getting less work: www.gov.uk/what-to-do-if-youreself-employed

For more information



If you need more information, please go to:

www.gov.uk/tier-2-high-alert

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